

## Dredging and Dredged Material Management in the New York & New Jersey Harbor Estuary





Background, Need and Alternatives



### **Outline**

- Significance of the NY &
   NJ Harbor Estuary
- HARS Synopsis
- Corps' Navigation Program
  - Deepening (New Work)
  - Maintenance
- Corps' Regulatory Program
- Future Dredged Material
   Volume Projections
- Other Available Alternatives and Costs
- The Need for the HARS





## Geographic Area showing the Main Navigation Channels

- Naturally shallow Estuary
- Channels Federalized late
   19<sup>th</sup> Century
- Ocean disposal predominantly used in the Harbor Estuary from early 20<sup>th</sup> Century
- Over 250 miles of channels in the Harbor Estuary today
- Current Federal channel depths range from 8 to 47 feet
- Several Federal channels are being or are planned to be deepened to 50 feet and more in some locations





## **Economic Significance of the New York**& New Jersey Harbor Estuary

- 3rd largest container port in the United States
- Largest port on North America's East Coast
- Largest petroleum product port in the U.S.
- Supports 180,000 + jobs
- \$ 6.6 billion in annual salaries and wages
- \$ 19.6 billion in annual sales
- Serves 17 million people locally
- Serves 37 million people within 250 miles



- Serves 80 million people overnight
- Major vehicle port 300,000 imports, 100,000 exports annually
- Major passenger ship terminal: 400,000 passengers annually

### Historic Area Remediation Site & New York Bight Apex

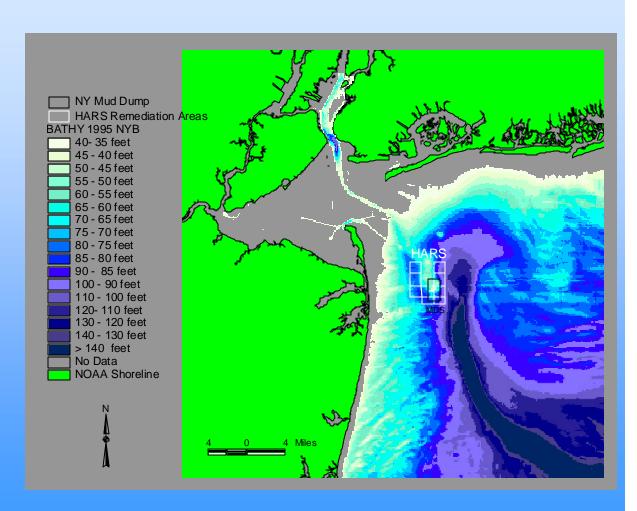
A unique site of concern in a highly dynamic, developed and utilized region

#### • DESCRIPTION:

- HARS designated in September 1997.
- The HARS covers a 15.7 sq. nautical mile area.
- It requires a minimum of 40.6 million cubic yards (MCY) to remediate with a one-meter cap of dredged material.

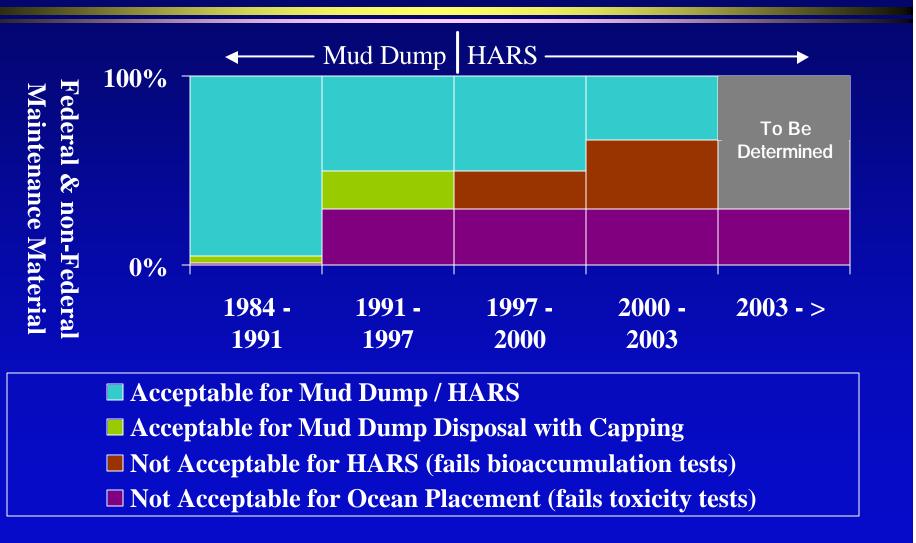
#### • STATUS:

- EPA and Corps issued MOA in September 2000.
- To date, over 8.6 MCY of dredged material has been placed at the HARS.





### General Trend in Ocean Placement Standards in the Port of NY & NJ





## Corps Navigation Program – Deepening Projects

#### • Kill Van Kull & Newark Bay - Phase II

- Deepening from 40' to 45'
- Construction underway
- HARS suitable material from project construction: 5.5 MCY
- Project Cost: \$801 million

#### Port Jersey Channel

- Deepening from 38' to 41'
- Construction start scheduled this year
- Project Cost: \$118 million

#### Arthur Kill Channel

- Deepening from 35' to 40'/41'
- Construction start scheduled this year
- Project Cost: \$392 million

#### NY & NJ Harbor Navigation Project

- Deepening highlighted channels to 50'
- Construction scheduled to start 2003 and require years to complete
- Estimated HARS suitable material from project construction: 34.9 MCY
- Project Cost: \$ 2.0 billion
- Total cost: \$3.3 billion





## Corps Navigation Program – Maintenance Dredging

- Over thirty existing
   Federal channels in the
   Harbor Estuary, nearly
   all needing periodic
   maintenance.
- Federal maintenance volume projections in the Port range from 1 to over 3 million cubic yards of dredged material, each year.



 Given existing funding constraints and the current cost of available placement sites, maintenance dredging is often backlogged.

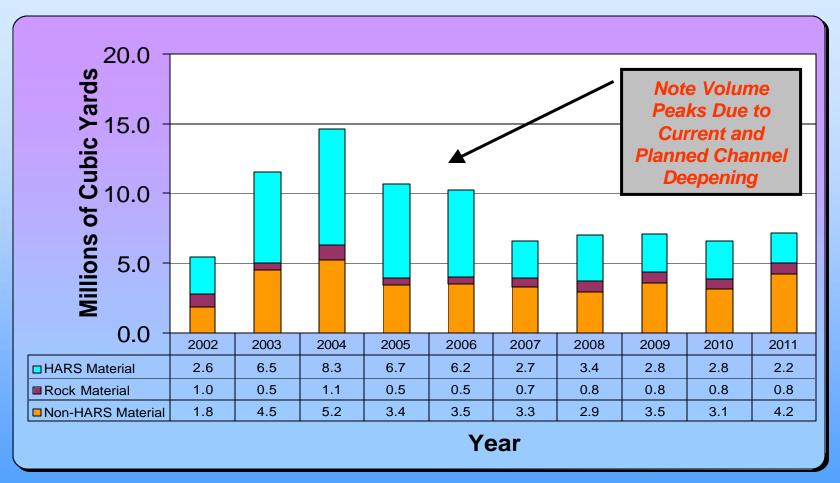


### **Corps Regulatory Program**

- Ocean Disposal Authority derives from Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 CFR 324.2)
- Permits to use HARS
   Issued by Corps contingent on EPA approval
- Permits undergo Public Interest Review
- Typical Applicants in the Port range from the Port Authority of NY & NJ to private marina owners

- Permit Applications for using the HARS range widely year to year, presently about a half dozen per year
- Notable permit dredging:
  - Passenger Ship Terminal dredged 400,000 CY to 500,000 CY each year
  - Ferry Terminals expanded need and use since
     September 11

### Future Dredging Volume Projections\*



<sup>\*</sup> Includes anticipated Corps deepening & maintenance dredging and permit dredging



## Where can we place the material once it's dredged? What other alternatives are there?





### Upland, but where?

- Highly urbanized region limited areas for dredged material placement
- With regional goal of using dredged material beneficially, whenever feasible, upland remediation preferred option over disposal.
- Other options are possible and available
  - Some are restricted to certain types of material (e.g., only sand for beach nourishment)
  - Some are undergoing further evaluation (e.g., decontamination technologies)





# **Upland Remediation – Landfills, Brownfields & Coal Mines**

### Capping Landfills & Brownfields in Port Region



- Processing typically required for geophysical site requirements & to reduce leaching
- Limited number of sites in Harbor Estuary region
- Large capacity sites are far from Harbor Estuary and are under evaluation
- Added Processing, Transport & Handling Costs

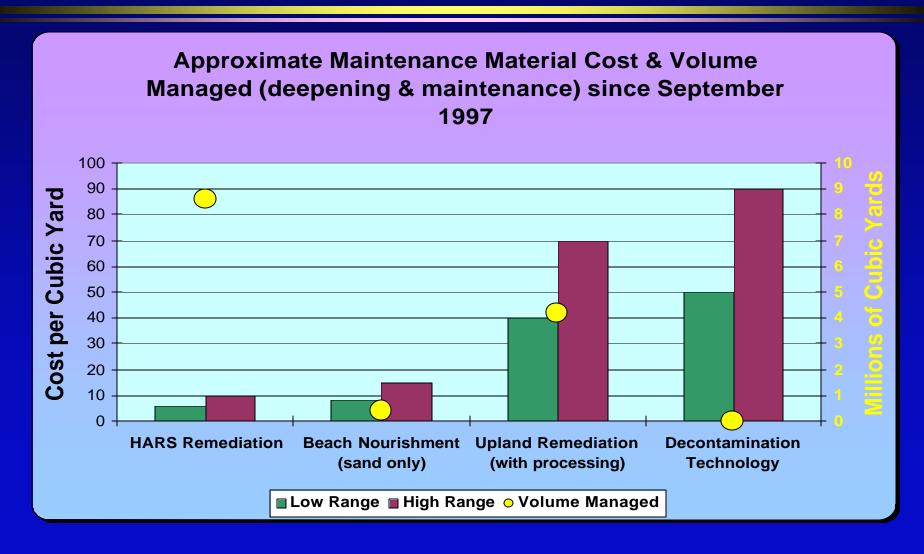
#### **Pennsylvania Coal Mine Reclamation**







# Comparison of Alternative Cost and Use





## **Key HARS Factors**

- Corps wants to continue to <u>fully</u> remediate the HARS.
- Remediation material is the right balance of environmental protection for the ocean & economic protection of the Harbor Estuary.
- Too much protection of either the environment or the economy jeopardizes the equitable balance that now exists in the Harbor Estuary.





US Army Corps of Engineers New York District

## **Questions?**

